



# Onboarding Report Chris Park



Professional

Styles

## Contents

Introduction to Assessment Report.....	3
Your Core Strengths.....	4
Your Challenge Areas.....	12
Setting your Development Priorities.....	14

## About this Report

This report is based upon the Styles assessment, which explores an individual’s motives, preferences, needs and talents in critical work areas.

The results are based on a comparison with a group of over 2,000 professionals and managers in the United States.

Since the questionnaire is a self-report measure, the results reflect the individual’s self-perception. Our extensive research has shown this to be a good indicator of how people are likely to operate in the workplace. Nevertheless, due consideration must be given to the subjective nature of using an individual’s self-perception in the interpretation of these data.

It should be remembered that the information contained in this report is potentially sensitive and every effort should be made to ensure that it is stored in a secure place.

The information contained within this report is likely to remain a good reflection of the individual’s self-perception for 12-24 months, depending upon circumstances.

The report was produced using Saville Assessment software systems. It has been derived from the results of an assessment completed by the respondent, and reflects the responses they made.

This report has been generated electronically. Saville Assessment do not guarantee that it has not been changed or edited. We can accept no liability for the consequences of the use of this report, howsoever arising.

The application of this assessment is limited to Saville Assessment employees, agents of Saville Assessment and clients authorized by Saville Assessment.

## Introduction to Assessment Report

This report is based on your completion of the Styles questionnaire, which explores an individual's strengths in critical work areas.

### Your Core Strengths

This section of the report presents your top four strengths. Successful people tend to know what they are good at and play to these strengths. 'Building your Strengths' provides you with tips on how to build and capitalize on your strength to match the requirements of your new role. 'Working with your New Organization/Manager' provides tips to help alert the organization and/or your hiring manager to understand your strengths and find ways to work with you to promote your development. Clear areas of strength are most likely to contribute to effectiveness and enjoyment at work. They may, however, lead to unwanted or undesirable consequences. 'Using your Strengths Well' provides tips to build on the special contribution your strengths can bring to your work place. In 'Your Actions' you are encouraged to reflect on actions that you could consider within your new role.

### Your Challenge Areas

This section of the report presents two areas of challenge for you. Challenge areas are unlikely to be areas where there is a strong desire or capability for you to change. As well as seeking to develop these areas, it is often likely to be beneficial to manage these areas given that they are likely to be less open to development. 'Developing your Challenge Areas' provides you with tips on how to develop and manage your limitations. 'Working with your New Organization/Manager' provides tips on how the organization and/or your hiring manager can help find ways to support your development. In 'Your Actions' you are encouraged to reflect on actions that you could consider within your new role.

### Setting your Development Priorities

This section encourages you to reflect on the key activities you are planning for your future development across the coming months. Space is provided for three development areas.

## Your Core Strengths

### Creating Innovation

You have a special contribution to make in providing creativity and originality in terms of thinking differently about what can be done and how to do it. Your innovative style suggests that you are prepared to challenge how things are typically done and like to think about how things can be improved for the future.



### Building your Strengths

- Try to be even more creative by shifting your perspective or changing your goal. For example, what ideas could improve customer satisfaction rather than just profit?
- Try to find simple and easily understood ways to explain more complex opportunities to less theoretical colleagues.
- Look for tactics and strategies which are used in jobs/industries/organizations similar to your own. Ensure any new thinking you suggest is accompanied by a clear rationale.



### Working with your New Organization/Manager

- Utilize your capability to come up with new ideas and solutions in projects where creativity is needed.
- Get involved in work where the understanding of new concepts and the development of theoretical ideas or models is valued.
- Look for opportunities for you to be involved in strategic discussions with colleagues about your shared future direction.



### Using your Strengths Well

- Do you ever suggest an idea during the final delivery phase of a project when it is too late to be considered? ACTION: Be careful not to distract with new ideas when the focus is on final completion.
- Are any of your ideas and suggestions seen as complex or difficult to understand? ACTION: Research who you are presenting your suggestions to and find ways to simplify your message, e.g. talk through an example of exactly how your idea would work.
- Could your focus on the long term be at the expense of dealing with the present? ACTION: Switch between an operational and strategic focus as time permits; do not let one dominate the other.

## Your Core Strengths

### Your Actions

What actions might you consider to make the most of this area in your new role?

## Your Core Strengths

### Communicating Information

You are prepared to put your views across confidently, persuasively and with conviction. This may be an advantage in that your opinions are more likely to be taken into account and you are likely to be able to bring other people round to your point of view.



#### Building your Strengths

- Before attempting to persuade others on an important issue, take time to rehearse the likely objections and best counter arguments.
- Check others' understanding of the key points you are communicating. Where you identify there is a lack of understanding, consider alternative ways of explaining the point.
- Ensure that you are being positive about the points you agree with while challenging the points you disagree with.



#### Working with your New Organization/Manager

- Look for opportunities where you can make a difference through persuasion and negotiation.
- Take early opportunities to present information directly to colleagues and/or clients.
- Understand and discuss when and where it is likely to be appropriate for you to be more challenging and what the expectations are in terms of expressing concerns or alternative view-points.



#### Using your Strengths Well

- Could you ever find yourself continuing to persuade others when the case has already been won? ACTION: Observe people and listen for signs of agreement. Remember to stop persuading when these signs are clear.
- Do you often find yourself as the person who is asked to do the talking? ACTION: Consider when a colleague knows more about a subject and give them the opportunity to present.
- Have you ever prolonged discussion or debate by revisiting points which are agreed upon and are not going to change? ACTION: Know when to move on to challenge points that you have the potential to influence.

## Your Core Strengths

### Your Actions

What actions might you consider to make the most of this area in your new role?

## Your Core Strengths

### Providing Leadership

You have a preference towards a role where there is a need to co-ordinate, manage and inspire others. You are likely to be assertive in group situations, providing guidance and motivation to others.



### Building your Strengths

- Prepare for the big upcoming decisions you are likely to face by getting together the relevant facts and canvassing opinion.
- Help to build your own and others' leadership capabilities by encouraging and coaching others to take on more leadership responsibility.
- Provide specific examples of what a colleague has done particularly well when you praise them rather than just giving them general encouragement.



### Working with your New Organization/Manager

- Jointly appreciate your desire to be involved and responsible for decisions. Work together to understand how key decisions are made, who is responsible and what your role is likely to be in making any decision.
- Clarify expectations about how much responsibility you will have over time for co-ordinating people and controlling resources.
- Understand what it is that others find motivating at work. Think through how you could be a greater source of motivation for them.



### Using your Strengths Well

- Is there ever a danger that you are prepared to make key decisions quickly without having all the information on how it will be implemented? **ACTION:** When making a decision make sure you understand the implications in terms of required investment and resources.
- Can your strong inclination to take charge ever be perceived negatively by others who are less assertive than you? **ACTION:** Consider when it is appropriate for you to take charge and when you should encourage others to take a leadership role.
- Are you giving praise so often that it might reduce its meaning and impact? **ACTION:** Try to give strong encouragement and praise directly in response to high performance.



## Your Core Strengths

### Your Actions

What actions might you consider to make the most of this area in your new role?

## Your Core Strengths

### Driving Success

You have clear focus and determination to achieve results and make things happen. This focus can often make the difference between success or failure in an ambitious project.



### Building your Strengths

- Take action on the challenging but critical issues you face and avoid getting distracted by less important issues.
- Explore with colleagues what the major new opportunities are and identify how you can help progress these and help make your organization more competitive.
- Regularly review and question whether you are focused on the goals which will provide the most benefit to you and your organization.



### Working with your New Organization/Manager

- Identify aspects of your role where a high level of energy is required and there is a strong need to take action and make things happen.
- Explore where there may be some opportunities to be competitive and entrepreneurial within your new role.
- Ensure colleagues understand your results orientation and that you are likely to want to drive projects to a successful conclusion.



### Using your Strengths Well

- Is initiating new activity ever at the expense of getting through your normal workload? **ACTION:** Ensure that you have time to cover your key responsibilities before initiating new activities.
- Are you ever in the situation where you find yourself in direct competition with colleagues? **ACTION:** Try to be supportive to all of your colleagues and remember you are all working in the organization's best interest.
- Could your strong desire to achieve success lead you to push yourself and others too hard? **ACTION:** Ensure that you are not demanding too much of yourself or others.

## Your Core Strengths

### Your Actions

What actions might you consider to make the most of this area in your new role?

## Your Challenge Areas

### Processing Details

Working with details, procedures and finishing things off are not likely to be things you see as high priorities in your work. However, it is important to recognize that sometimes processing details is critical and a failure to focus on details can lead to serious consequences.



#### Developing your Challenge Areas

- Make sure you keep up to date with the deadline dates for key activities and ensure that you are initiating work with sufficient time to allow the deadline to be met.
- Before starting a new task, clarify where detail and precision is particularly important.
- Check the procedures and processes that must be followed, particularly when doing something new.



#### Working with your New Organization/Manager

- Set realistic deadlines and check your progress with others as these deadlines approach.
- Be clear on the expected quality standards of your work and understand which aspects are particularly essential to check.
- Ensure you understand the organization's key policies and rules, why they are in place and the best way to follow them.

### Your Actions

What actions might you consider to develop this area in your new role?

## Your Challenge Areas

### Structuring Tasks

You do not see yourself as particularly well organized in how you structure your work. You are more likely to take a flexible approach to managing tasks and activities rather than being particularly focused on following a precise plan or schedule.



#### Developing your Challenge Areas

- At the start of each day, spend time checking your diary. Understand what your upcoming commitments are and what you need to arrange to ensure that these all run smoothly.
- Reflect on recent experiences you have had which have challenged your thinking around ethics and principles. What lessons can you draw from your experiences for the future?
- Think about when you perhaps use your time less constructively and try to do something which delivers a tangible outcome instead.



#### Working with your New Organization/Manager

- Prioritize and develop clear plans for work tasks and projects.
- Ensure that you understand the organization's procedures about ethics and confidentiality, and particularly those that relate directly to your work.
- Structure your workload to ensure that it is manageable and that you are not doing several different things at the same time.

### Your Actions

What actions might you consider to develop this area in your new role?

## Setting your Development Priorities

Based on the content of this report, what are the key activities you are planning for your future development (consider the next one, three, and six months)?

Development Area One (Strength or Challenge Area):

Why have you chosen this area?

What are your key development activities?

Who can help with your development and how?

How and when are you going to measure how successful you have been at developing this area?

## Setting your Development Priorities

Development Area Two (Strength or Challenge Area):

Why have you chosen this area?

What are your key development activities?

Who can help with your development and how?

How and when are you going to measure how successful you have been at developing this area?

Development Area Three (Strength or Challenge Area):

Why have you chosen this area?

What are your key development activities?

Who can help with your development and how?

How and when are you going to measure how successful you have been at developing this area?

## Notes